

# Adaptation & Development of the Anesthetic Elastrator Band for use

## Lakeland **RDAR**

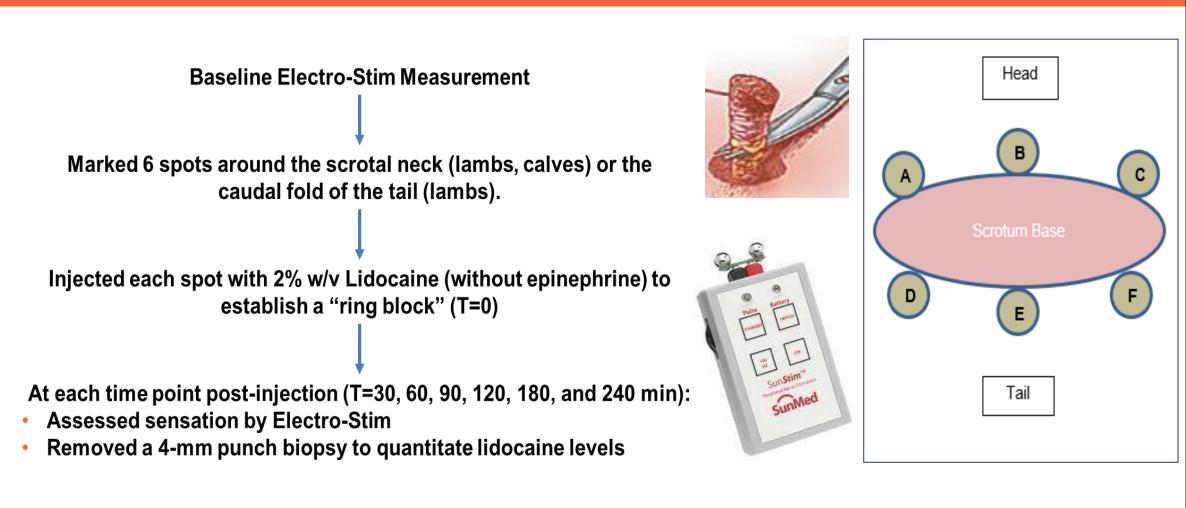
lamb Solvet

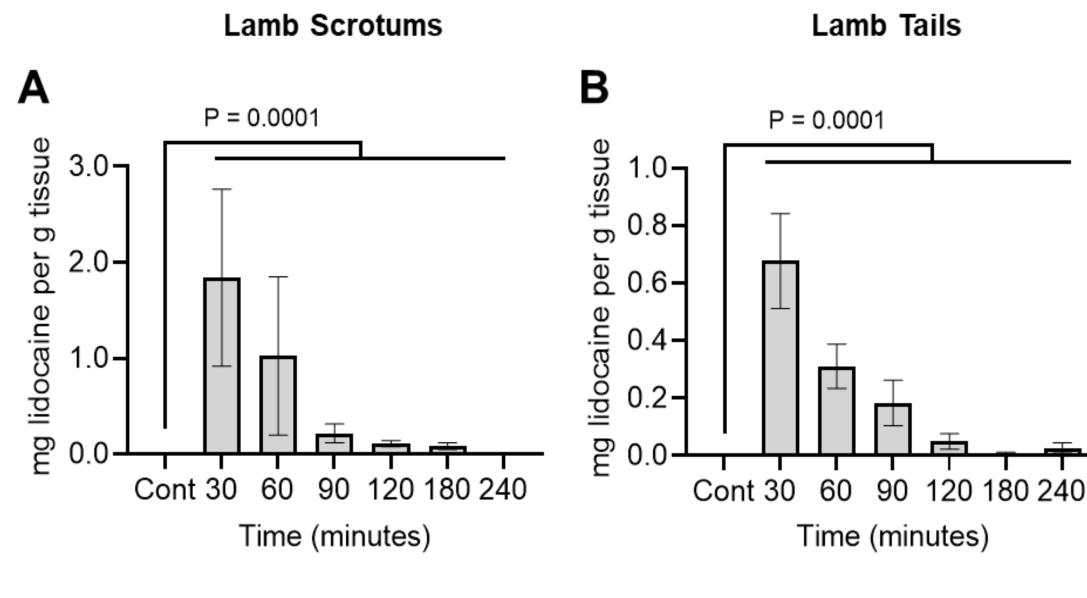
in the Canadian Lamb Industry for Alberta Lamb Producers

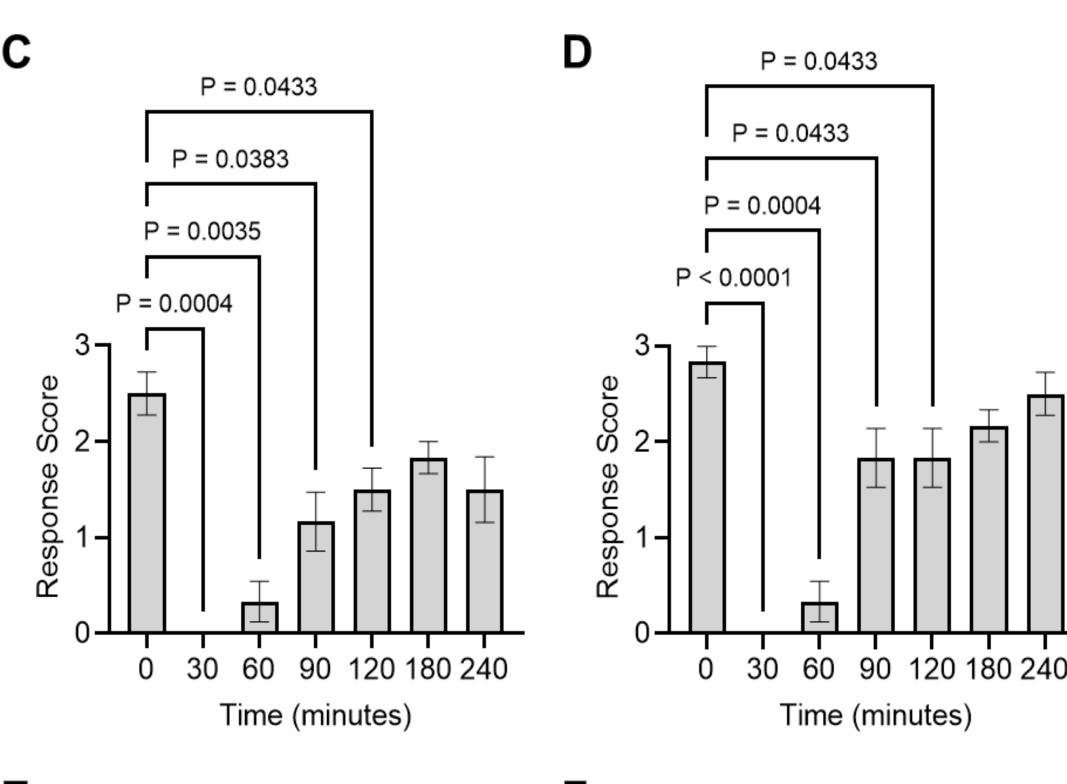
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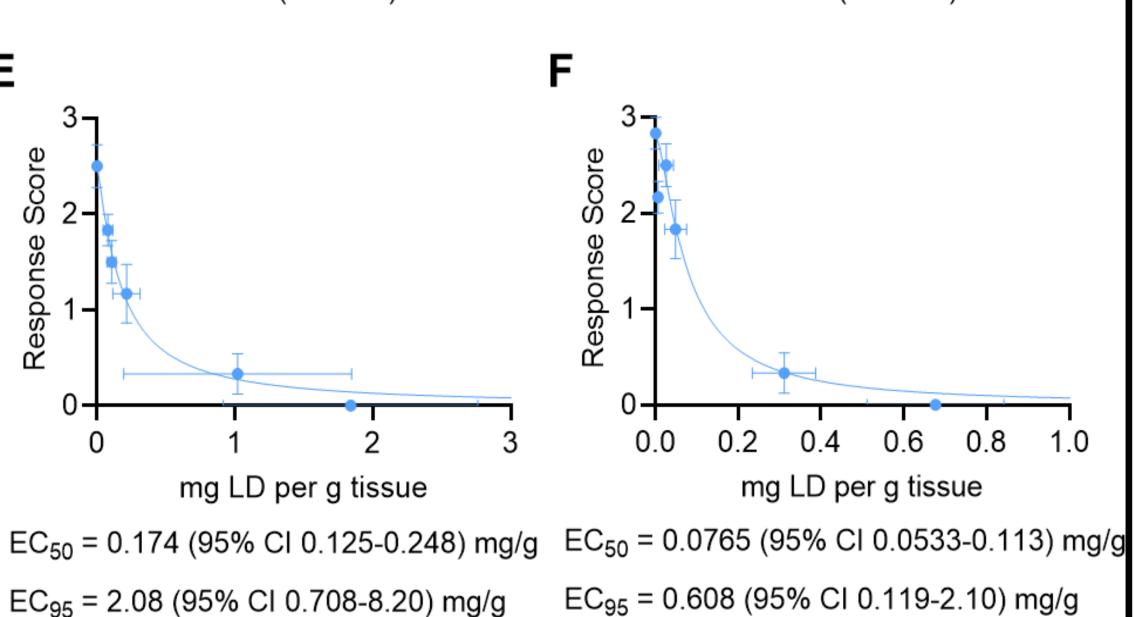
- 1. Chinook Contract Research Inc.
- 2. ACER Consulting Ltd.
- 3. Lakeland College
- 4. Alberta Lamb Producers
- 5. Alberta Veterinary Laboratories Ltd/Solvet

#### Determination of EC50 & EC95 of Injectable Lidocaine in Lamb Scrotums & Tails





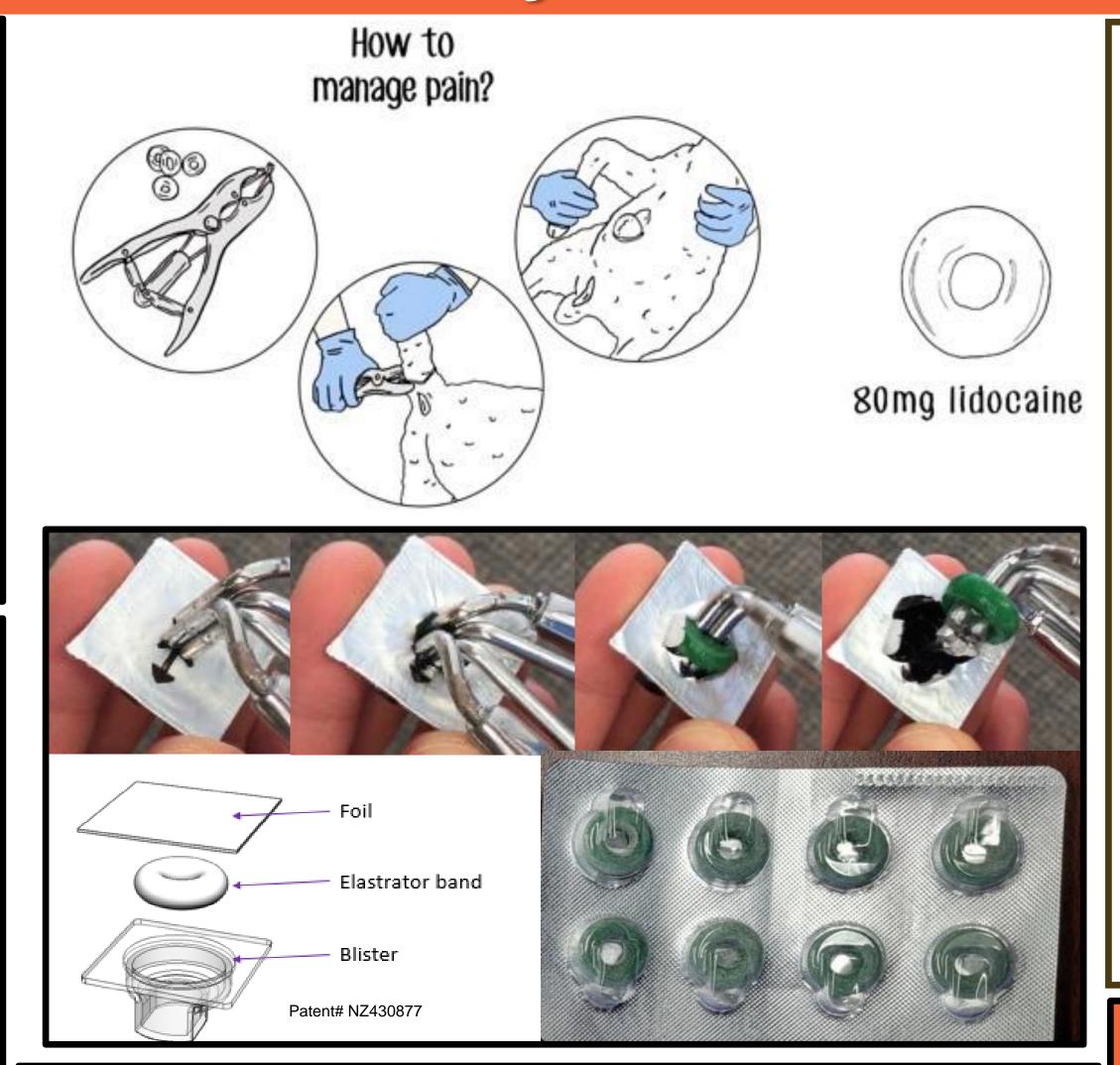


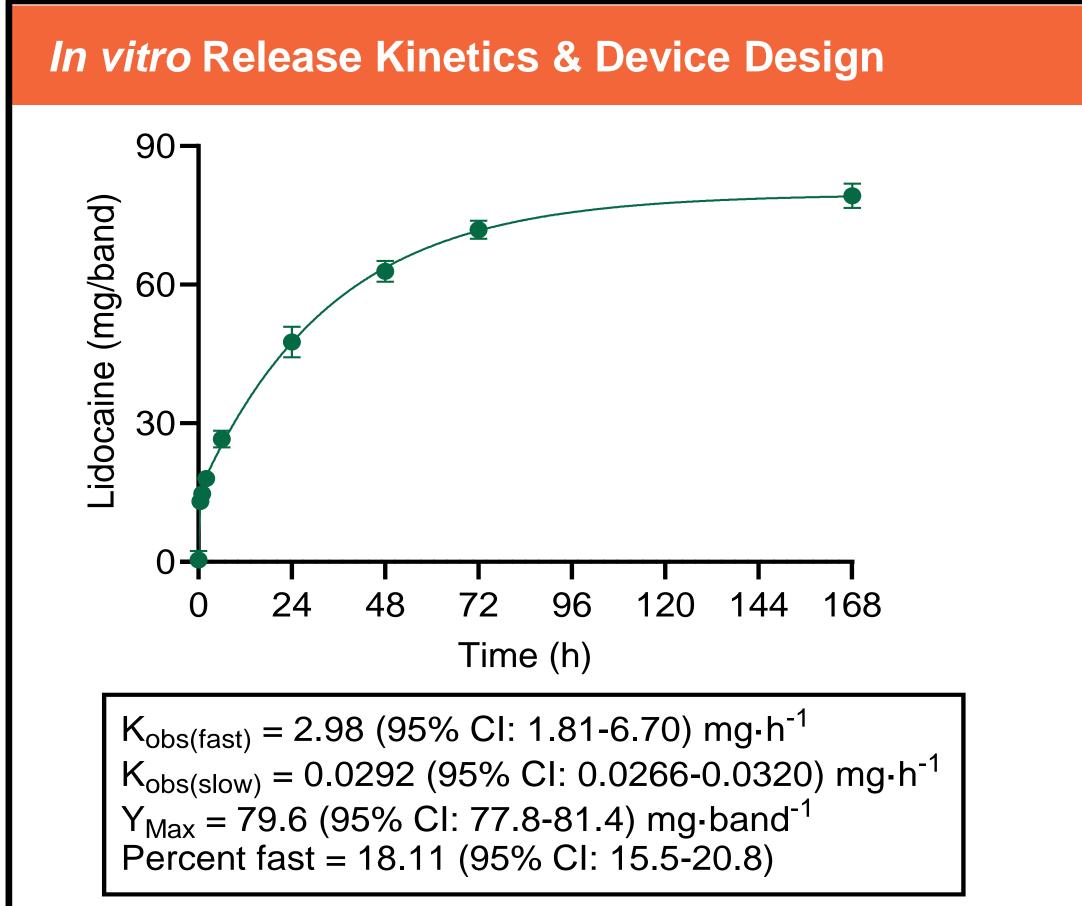


**RESULTS:** Tissue lidocaine concentration for Lamb Scrotums (A) or Lamb Tails (B) at the indicated times after lidocaine injection (T = 0). (C-D) Electrocutaneous Stimulation Response Scores for Lamb Scrotums (C) or Lamb Tails (D) at the indicated times after lidocaine injection (T = 0). P-values were determined for each time-point relative to the T = 0 control sample using a repeated measures oneway ANOVA and corrected for multiple comparisons using Dunnett's test. Bars represent the mean  $\pm$  SEM for 6 animals. (E-F) Stimulation response scores from panels C-D were plotted (on the y-axis) versus tissue lidocaine concentrations from A-B (on the xaxis) and non-linear regression was used to calculate the EC<sub>50</sub> and EC<sub>95</sub> values for Lamb Scrotal (E) or Lamb Tail (F) tissues.

#### **CONCLUSIONS:**

- Injectable Lidocaine onset of anesthesia within 30 minutes
- Injectable Lidocaine effect lasts 120 minutes
- EC50 in lamb scrotum is 0.17 mg/g tissue
- EC50 in lamb tails is 0.077 mg/g tissue





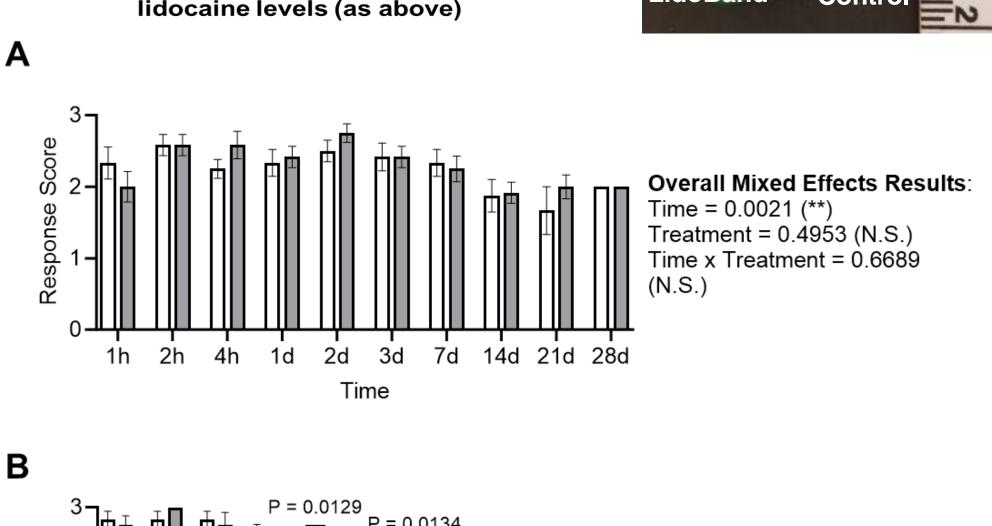
Lidobands were designed to deliver lidocaine rapidly (to address acute discomfort) and for a prolonged duration (to address chronic discomfort).

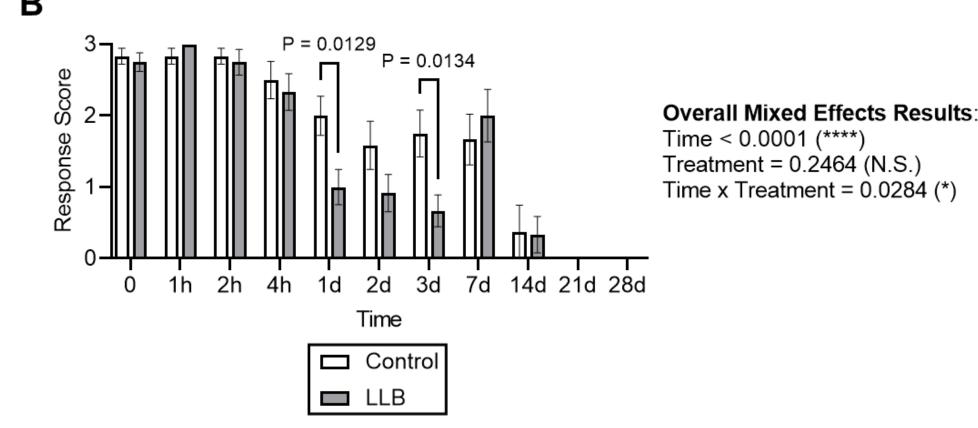
**RESULTS:** A dissolution experiment using USP<711> was used to quantitate in vitro release of lidocaine over a 1-week time course. Lidocaine release was initially rapid  $(K_{obs} = 2.98)$ mg/hour) for the first 30.4 hours of the time course, slowing to 0.0292 mg/hour for the remainder.

### Comparison of sensation of LidoBands<sup>TM</sup> versus control bands in Lamb Tails over time

Bands placed at T=0 onto lamb scrotums, lamb

tails, or calf scrotums. (n=5 animals per time point, plus 5 lidocaine-free controls) Removed bands at various time-points (acute and chronic) and collected 4-mm punch biopsy of band-contacted tissue to quantitate LidoBand<sup>TM</sup> Control lidocaine levels (as above)



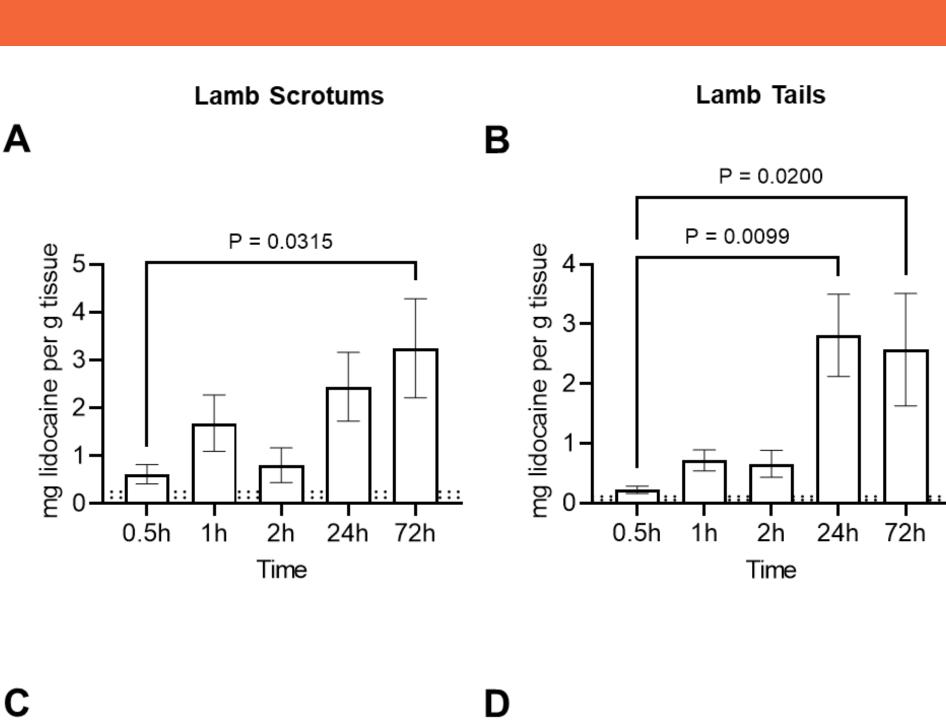


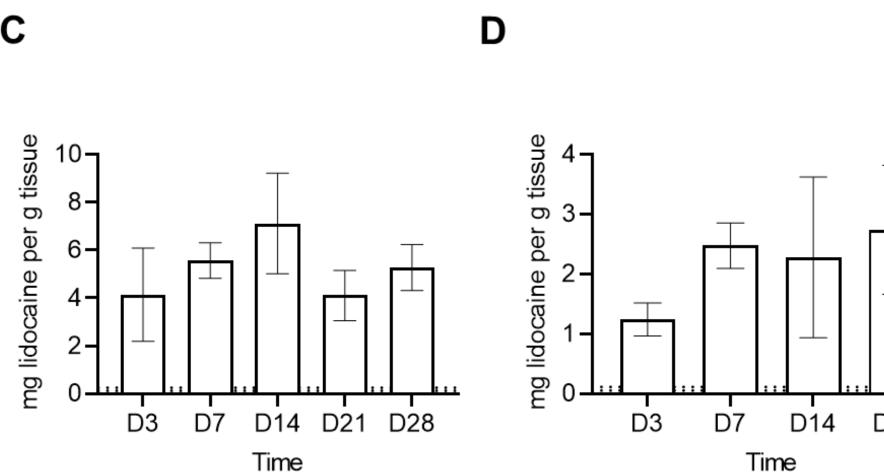
**RESULTS:** Electrocutaneous Stimulation Response Scores Over Time for Lamb Tails Treated with Control Bands or Lidobands (LLBs). (A) As an overall positive control for sensory response, electrocutaneous response scores were taken above the band. The response scores at the band are presented in panel (B). For panel (B), the lowest rheostat level giving the highest baseline score for each individual animal at T=0 was used for all subsequent time points. Bars represent the mean  $\pm$  SEM of 12 Control-treated or 12 LLB-treated animals. Data were analyzed with a repeated measures mixed-effects model. P-values for individual time points were not corrected for multiple comparisons (i.e.,

Fisher's LSD test was used).

Chinook Contract Research Inc. (CCR) has developed a novel anesthetic delivering elastration ligation band. The LidoBand™ (US Patent # 11,596,510) can be used with all current elastrator tools. It has been designed to deliver a clinically relevant therapeutic dose of anesthetic for the duration of its application(s). CCR has partnered with Alberta Veterinary Laboratories/Solvet (AVL/Solvet) to manufacture the device in Alberta. In 2022, RDAR supported a research project (2022N090R) directed by Alberta Lamb Producers to adapt this novel made-in-Alberta welfare technology for use in Alberta's lamb industry for welfare friendly tail docking and castration applications. This poster presents some of the results from four different trials: 1) investigation of in vitro release of lidocaine from LidoBands; 2) pharmacokinetics (PK) and pharmacodynamics (PD) of injectable lidocaine in scrotal and tail tissue; 3) pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of in vivo delivery of lidocaine with LidoBands placed on the tail and scrotum of lambs; and 4) a "proof-of-concept" study comparing the sensation of control- versus LidoBand™-banded tail tissue over time.

PK and PD of *in vivo* delivery of lidocaine with LidoBands<sup>TM</sup> in Lamb Scrotums &Tails





RESULTS: Lidocaine Levels in Lamb Scrotal (A, C), or Lamb Tail (B, D) Tissues Biopsied at the Indicated Times After Banding with LidoBands (LLBs). For lambs, acute time-points (A, B) were assessed in an initial study, followed by chronic time points (**C**, **D**) in a follow-up study. In all cases, bars represent the mean  $\pm$  SEM of 5 animals (note that a different set of animals was tested for each time-point). Pvalues (relative to the earliest time point) were determined with a one-way ANOVA and corrected for multiple comparisons using Dunnett's test. For reference, the dotted lines denote the 95% CI of the EC<sub>50</sub>. No lidocaine was detected in tissue from control-banded animals (not shown).

#### **CONCLUSIONS:**

This study defined the effective concentrations of injectable lidocaine yielding 50% or 95% reductions in local sensation (EC<sub>50</sub> and EC<sub>95</sub>, respectively). The use of injectable lidocaine provides effective short-term anesthesia for 120 to 180 min following the injection; however, additional strategies are needed to manage long-term pain. The use of a LidoBand<sup>TM</sup> could provide an alternative where tissue lidocaine concentrations meet or exceed the EC<sub>95</sub> for at least 21-28 days and, based on electrostimulation data, provides local anesthesia for at least 3 days when compared to a control band. Further field and laboratory studies into LidoBand<sup>TM</sup> efficacy are ongoing, including a comparison of the use of an injectable local anesthetic to the LidoBands<sup>TM</sup>.

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> For more information on this project please scan the QR Code

